micro:bit Doorbell

In this activity you will make a doorbell system using two micro:bits.

One will act as the button on the door and the other will act as the alert.

You can complete this activity in pairs because the code on each micro:bit will be the same.

Objective:

 Pressing a button on one micro:bit will send a radio signal to another micro:bit which will then display an alert.

Learning Outcome:

- Program your BBC micro:bit to react to an input
- Send and receive radio signals
- React to radio signals

Level of Difficulty:

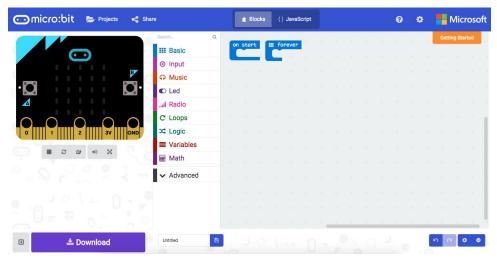
Intermediate

Coding

Step 1

Start by opening the micro:bit editor.

You should see a blank editor.





Step 2

This system will be using the radio feature to communicate between micro:bit, so first set the group number.

From the Radio section, drag in a radio set group block and add it to on start.

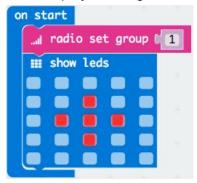
```
on start

....l radio set group (1)
```

Set the group to the same number on each micro:bit. If there are other people doing the same activity nearby, your group number will need to be different from theirs.

Step 3

Next, display an image to show that this is a doorbell.



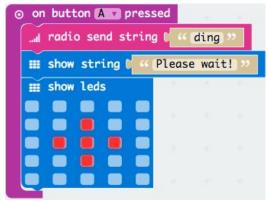
Step 4

When button A is pressed, send a radio signal with a string. The string of text that you type doesn't matter, you just need to send something.

```
o on button A pressed

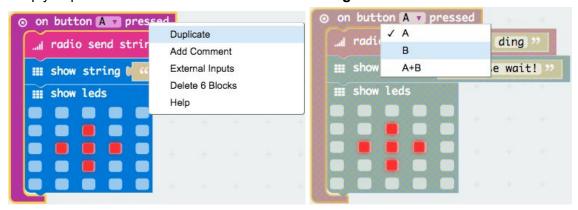
"I radio send string ( " ding ")
```

After the radio signal is sent, display some text to show the guest that they have pressed the button and then change back to the doorbell image.



Step 5

What if the guest presses button B instead of button A? Simply duplicate the whole chunk of code and **change A** to **B**.



Step 6

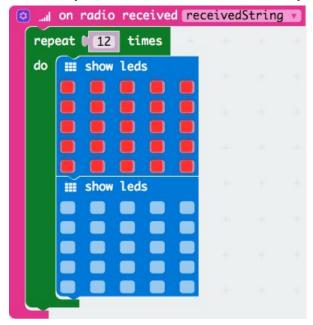
Next, we will deal with the alert on the receiving micro:bit.

From the Radio section, add the event block that checks for a **reveivedString** (check that you haven't accidently used receivedNumber)



Step 7

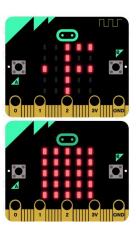
In this event, add an animation that will alert the house owner of the doorbell being pressed. You can try different animations to see what you like best. Here is a simple flashing screen.



This uses a **repeat N times** block which you can find in the C Loops section.

Great Work!

Test your doorbell system using the simulator. When you press a button, the simulator will load a second micro:bit to show the radio working. You may need to press it a second time to trigger the radio.



Test this out on your micro:bit by clicking and copy the file to both micro:bits using the USB cable.

Extra Challenge

See if you can program the receiver so that if you press A+B together, the doorbell will display a different message like "I'm on my way!"